המתו לה יצוני דותמקיפתים ורום חטי

SUES AS ROUSS'S NATURAL SON

BOY WANTS \$100,000 FROM THE MERCHANT'S ESTATE.

His Mother, Mrs. Rosseau, Asserts That Charles Broadway Rouss Supported Her and Promised to Give \$100,000 to the Child When He Was 10 Years Old.

An extraordinary suit against the estate of Charles Broadway Rouss, the blind merchant, who died on March 3, 1902, was on trial yesterday in the Supreme Court before Justice Blanchard and a jury. It is brought by J. Arthur Fischer, as guardian of an eleven-year-old boy, Charles Broadway Rosseau, whose mother, Eva Sue Figgett Rosseau, says that the boy is the illegitimate child of Rouss, and that he promised to settle \$100,000 on him when he reached the age of 10. Rouss died a few months before that time.

Several suits are now pending in the courts against the Rouss estate, brought by women who alleged that Rouss promised to support them, but the Rosseau suit is the only one involving a child. It is the more remarkable from the fact that in order to establish her case Mrs. Rosseau has to prove the illegitimacy of her own

Mrs. Rosseau is a well-educated Virginian, and on the witness stand she told her story in a quiet, convincing manner. She was dressed completely in black. Her little son, in a sailor suit, played around the court room with a ball while the trial was progressing. He bears some resemblance to Rouss, and the evidence showed that the old man derived considerable satis-

faction from this fact. Mrs. Rosseau testified that she first met Charles Broadway Rouss in 1887. She lives now at 943 St. Nichelas avenue. She knew him first as C. B. Rosseau, but subsequently learned his identity. When she returned from Nicaragua in 1890, she met Rouss again, and he set up a home for her at 42 East Tenth street, where, on June 5, 1892, the boy was born, she having assumed the name of Rosseau a few months before.

Dr. W. Travis Gibb, who was Rouss's private physician, attended the mother. Rouss was at that time 56 years old, and when he saw the baby he expressed his delight at being the father of a boy, saying that he "felt like a spring lamb" over it. He called him "his little prince" and other-

wise showed his affection.

W. J. Townsend, counsel for the estate, objected to the testimony on the ground that the mother could not be allowed to testify to her child's illegitimacy, but Justice Bianchard overruled all his ob-

Rosseau then told how Rouss had Mrs. Rosseau then told now Rouss rad supported her till he died, first at 42 East Tenth street, and later at 51 Washington Square South. He was then giving her \$10 a day and came almost nightly to take her and the boy driving. In May, 1901, she had a quarrel with him and told him she was going to leave the city and take she was going to leave the city and take

the boy with her.

He remonstrated, and after some discussion, she says, he told her that if she would stay and rear the boy in New York, where he could visit them as he had always done, he would give the boy \$100,000 as a birth-day gift when he reached ten years, which would be in another year. This promise s repeated in the presence of a neighbor. s. Lena Cohen.

Mrs. Lena Cohen.

Before leaving the stand Mrs. Rosseau identified a book entitled, "My Baby's Biography," which was put in evidence, and which contained the record of the plaintiff's birth:

Welcome Little Stranger, Born, at 42 Fast Tenth street, New York city, on Sunday, June 5, 1862, at 3:18 A. M., a son unto Mr. and Mrs. Carlos A. Rosseau.

that the baby was first weighed on June 6, and tipped the scale at 8 pounds and 6 ounces; had his hair cut on Feb. 7, 1894; that he reevived his first toys—a rubber toy ball and a celluloid ball—from "dear papa" on Aug. 1.

Beby first said "da-da" on Oct. 30, 1892. crept on Feb. 17 of the same year; took his first step on March 5, 1893; weighed 22 pounds on his first birthday, and stood A guither in his stockings on that day.

A guither of affectionately worded letters written by Rouss to the boy were put in

Dr. Gibb testified that he had frequently attended Rouss, both at his home, at the store and at 42 East Tenth street, where he knew him as Rosseau. He said Rouss he knew him as Rosseau. He said Avoice showed an extraordinary affection for the boy, being particularly delighted to be told that there was a strong resemblance Joseph Price, head waiter at the Broad-

way Central Hotel, testified that Rouss lunched at the hotel regularly with Mrs... Rossean and the boy, and seemed strangely fond of the latter, often giving him handfuls of money. Mrs. Lena Cohen correspondent Mrs. Rosseau's testimony concerning the conversation in May, 1901, when Rouss promised to give the boy \$100,000 as a birthday present.

DARLING CALLED IN EXPERT.

How the Secretary Settled the Award of a Navy Contract.

WASHINGTON, May 19.-Bids were recently opened at the Navy Department for supplying 150,000 yards of blue flannel for making uniforms for enlisted men. The bidders were Henry T. Kent of Phila- The Most Conspicuous Feature of Hardelphia, and the Germania Mills and Wendell, Fay & Co., both Massachusetts con-

Kent was the lowest bidder, but a board warming at his new clubbouse, 42 Second of officers reported that the samples of avenue, last night, and all the faithful of Kent was the lowest bidder, but a board Kent and the Germania Mills were not up to the navy standard.

Acting Secretary of the Navy Darling was beset with importunities and protests.

To settle the trouble he got a clothing firm to send him a fannel expert who was shown the samples of the three bidders without being told which was which, or who had submitted them. The expert reported that all the samples were up to the standard. The acting Secretary to-day awarded the contract to kent.

Shot While Shooting Bullfrogs.

Liewellyn Campbell, 15 years old, of First avenue and North Sixth street, Roseville, was accidentally shot over the heart tonight with a Flobert rifle and is in the city hospital in a precarious condition Campbell, with Henry E. Zipf and Thomas and William Peacock, neighbors, were shooting bullfrogs along the Morris Canal. Camp-bell set his rifle against a tree and while he was skylarking with the other boys it fell and the bullet struck him in the chest.

Sulzer to Address Letter Carriers' Conven-

ELIZABIETH, N. J., May 19 .- Congressman William Sulzer will deliver an address at the annual convention of the New Jersey State Letter Carriers' Association here, on Decoration Day. Ex-Postmaster-General Thomas
L. James, president of the Lincoln National
Bank, will be among the speakers. Grover
C'eveland has also been invited to speak.

Fire Engageding on a Coal Breaker, Roosevelt Names Umpire in Venezuelan SHAMOKIN, Pa., May 19. - Because a hurning culm bank threatened to burn down the Leftigh Coal Company's Sioux colliery breaker to-day 400 men and boys were made idl. The fire is burning fiercely to-night and he breaker is in great danger. against Venezuela

BENJAMIN F. JONES DEAD. Was One of Pittsburg's Ploneer Iron Men -Ran Blaine's 1884 Campaign.

PITTSBURG, Pa., May 19. Benjamin Franklin Jones, of the Jones & Laughlin steel Company, died at his home in Allegheny about 1 o'clock this morning. Mr. Jones would have been 77 years old in August. He was one of the pioneer iron masters in this part of the country By his bed when he died were his wife, his son, B. F. Jones, Jr., and his three daughters, Mrs. W. W. Willock, Mrs. Elizabeth M. Horne and Mrs. Mary F. Laughlin. Mr. Jones was born in Claysville, Washington county, on Aug. 9, 1826. He was

educated at the New Brighton, Pa., academy and came to Pittsburg at the age of 17. His first employment was as receiving clerk at no salary in the Pittsburg office of the Mechanics' line of canalboats, which ran on the canal between Pittsburg and Philadelphia and a tidewater branch to Philadelphia and a tidewater branch to Havre de Grace, Md. Samuel M. Kier, the chief owner of this line, took a great interest in the young shipping clerk and encouraged him in every way. Within three years of his first appointment, Mr. Jones, not yet 21 years old, became manager of two lines of boats.

It was in 1847, while acting as manager of the Canal Transportation Line, that Mr. Jones became connected with the great industry to whose development he devoted so large a part of his life. He purchased, in connection with Samuel M. Kier, an iron furnace and forges in the Alleghany Mountains

nace and forges in the Alleghany Mountains near Armaugh, in Westmoreland county. He later took an interest in the American Iron Works, which were being built by Bernard Lauth, the firm name being Jones, Lauth & Co. It was not until 1852 that Mr. Jones became actively engaged in the management of the works. In 1854 James Laughlin came into the firm. As long ago as 1857 the firm of Jones & Laughlin established a large warehouse in Chicago, and as jobhers of iron, steel and heavy hardware they are the best known and most extensive proportions in the Northwest.

operators in the Northwest.
When the Jones & Laughlin Company. Limited, was reorganized on Aug. 1 of last year, and became the Jones & Laughlin Steel Company, Mr. Jones retired from the head of the company. He was succeeded in the presidency by his son, B. F. Jones, Jr. The retiring president remained on

The retiring president remained on board of directors.

Mr. Jones, despite the fact that he had had no experience as a politician, served as chairman of the Republican National Com-mittee during the campaign of James G. Blaine for the Presidency in 1881. Mr. Jones was the originator of the slid-

ing wage scale. Mr. Jones was Mr. Jones was married on May 21, 1850, to Miss Mary McMasters, daughter of John McMasters, Sr., a well known citizen of Allegheny county.

LIEUT.-COL. QUICK DEAD. Fellow Officers in the National Guard Will Attend Military Funeral.

Lieut.-Col. Hawlings Hammil Quick of the Forty-seventh Regiment died on Monday night, after a long and painful illness, at his home, at 583 Greene avenue, Brooklyn. An ulcer in the left shin, which first showed itself while he was with his regiment at Camp Black during the Spanish-American War, developed blood poisoning and cancer.

Lieut.-Col. Quick was born in Evansboro, N. J. He was a master plumber and had been engaged in business in Brooklyn for many years. He joined the Thirteenth Regiment on Dec. 1, 1880, the Thirteenth Regiment on Dec. 1, 1880, and in June, 1885, was elected First Lieutenant of Company E, Forty-seventh Regiment. Two years later he was elected Captain of the company and in December, 1893, became Major of the Regiment. On May 3, 1898, he entered the United States service for the war with Spain, and was prevented to a Lieutenant-Coloneley in promoted to a Lieutenant-Colonelcy in Porto Rico, and succeeded the late Lieut. Col. William H. Hubbell after the war.

Mrs. Carlos A. Rosseau.

The entry is witnessed by W. Travers
Gibts as physician; Martha Denison, nurse;
Eva F. Rosseau, mother, and Carlos Rosseau, father. The last signature is in a shaky, nervous hand such as Rouss wrote.

The entries in the book disclosed the fact

The entries in t

mother, two brothers and two sisters. funeral services will be held to-morrow afternoon in the Throop Avenue Presby-terian Church. The Forty-seventh Regi-ment, under command of Brig.-Gen. John G Eddy, its commander, will parade as an escort. Officers from the regiment, from brigade headquarters and from each of the and exclaimed "Oh, mamma," on Dec. 29. brigade headquarters and from each of the 1892; cut his first tooth on Jan. 2, 1893; first local National Guard organizations will

Obliuary Notes.

Frederick Rawelle of the firm of Marx & Rawelle, giveerine refiners, of 100 William street, died at his home in the Hotel Margaret, Columbia Heights, Brooklyn, Monday night, in his sixty-second year. Beth in Walmristedt, Prussia he came from Prussia to this country with his parents in 1847. He was one of the engineers who surveyed Prospect Park in 1850. Subsequently he assisted in surveying the line of the Union Pacific Railroad and railroad lines in the Andes. In 1870 he formed the partnership with Mr. Marx. He is survived by a widow and one son.

Howard Gallup, for many years a stock broker of this city, died recently near Santa Barbara, Cal. Mr. Gallup was the second son of Albert Gallup, whose home was at 45 West Twentieth street. He was graduated from Columbia University in 1875, and was a member of the Union, Metropolitan, Racquet and University clubs. His brother, Albert Gallup, was once Park Commissioner. His sister, Jeannie Gallup, married the Rev. Dr. Henry Mottet.

Henry Mottet.

Andrew A. Halsey, calendar clerk in the Surrogate's Court, Brooklyn, died on Monday, at his home, 207 Park place, in his forty-fifth year. He was secretary and treasurer of the De Dion-Bouton Company. He was a direct descendant of the Halsey family, which settled in the eastern end of Long Island 250 years ago. He leaves a widow, but no children.

SULZER, DONE IN OIL.

burger's New Clubhouse. Julius Harburger, Tammany leader of the Tenth Assembly district, had a house the district had a chance, not only to hear Billy Sulzer, but to see him done in oil. His oil portrait is the most conspicuous in the Harburger gallery of patriots and statesmen. The portrait of Leader Charles F. Murphy has not yet been hung, but that of Richard Croker, the largest in the room, has the place of honor above the mantel. On the left are faded prints of David B. Hill and Mr. Cleveland. Then across the room come Big Tim Sullivan

and Sulzer. Sulzer sat for the picture with his hair brushed back, or else the artist neglected to paint in that ever-hanging lock, which

to paint in that ever-hanging lock, which calls attention to the great height of the forehead. In an obscure niche there is a chromo of Mr. Bryan.

The rumor that Harburger's friends are preparing to boom him for Borough President didn't gain any headway at the house warming. There was no reference to it is now of the speeches, and when Har-

dent didn't gain any neadway at the house warming. There was no reference to it in any of the speeches, and when Harburger was asked about it he said. "You're sure to kill a man when you nominate him for anything in the summer." William Pitt Mitchell presided at the meeting. Among those there to congratulate Harburger were Justice Dugro, ex-Judge Van Hoesen, Little Tim Sullivan, or Postingster, Dayton, District Leaders ex-Postmaster Dayton, District Leaders Scully and Keenan and Congressman Goldfogle.
Mr. William J. O'Sullivan talked about

ty officials and the quarrels among the formers and added that if we had a District Attorney who prosecuted instead of in-dulging in silly masquerades he would get after the officeholders accused by Grout

Cases. WASHINGTON, May 19 .-- By direction of the President, Frank Plumey of North-field, Vt. was to-day appointed umpire in the settlement of British and Dutch claims

NEW HITCH OVER VENEZUELA. SMALL POWERS BALK AT THE ARBITRATION ARRANGEMENTS.

Object to Wayne MacVeagh's Appointment as Counsel for Them at The Hague Say the United States Acted Without Authority in Naming Him-Slighted.

WASHINGTON, May 19 .- Lack of consideration by the United States for the interests of several European nations in the arrangements for the arbitration at The Hague growing out of the Venezuelan troubles is charged by representatives of those nations in Washington. A big diplomatic storm is raging, and there is reason to believe that consideration will be given to the question of revoking the appointment of the Hon. Wayne MacVeagh as agent and counsel before The Hague tribunal for the nations which did not engage in the blockade of Venezuelan ports. As a result of this agitation, not a single non-blockading European Government has consented to become a party to the arbitration. Only the United States and Mexico have so far adhered to the arbitration protocol made by Venezuela with England, Germany and Italy.

The trouble appears to have arisen primarily from the fact that The Hague protocols signed by the representatives of England, Germany, Italy and Venezuela were not presented to the representatives of the peace Powers until after they had been signed and when it was impossible to make changes. These protocols provided that The Hague court should pass upon the contention of the European allies that they were entitled to have their claims. they were entitled to have their claims against Venezuela paid first because their coercive measures compelled the South American Government to agree to liquidate all its national debts.

Had this contention been conceded by Venezuela the other nations having claims against her would be obliged to wait for several years, or until she got through paying the allies, before getting a cent of the money due them. It was, therefore, to the interest of the non-blockading Powers to oppose the principle of preferential treatment, and they were heartily in favor of referring the question involved to The Hague court for adjustment.

The protocols for The Hague arbitration were drawn on the understanding that the non-blockading Powers would adhere to their terms and thus present a solid front against the unprecedented contention of England. Germany and Italy that a nation which uses force to collect debts is entitled to greater consideration than a nation which seeks to secure payment through

ordinary diplomatic means.

Protocols signed on Feb. 13, between the blockading Powers and Venezuela provided the manner in which money should be set aside by the South American nation to pay all its national debts, and also that the question of preferential treatment should be decided by The Hague court under conditions to be set forth in a subsequent protocol Immediately after the signing the United

States Government suggested that Mr. MacVeigh, who had been United States Attorney-General and American Ambassafor to Italy and was a distinguished lawyer be chosen as the common agent of the nations which would oppose before The Hague tribunal the assertion of England, Germany and Italy. It was understood at the time that the selection of Mr. MacVeigh perfectly acceptable to the peace vers. Subsequently the appointment of MacVeagh as agent and counsel of the peace nations was announced, and later that William R. Penfield, Solicitor of the State Department, and Herbert W. Bowen, United States Minister to Venezuela and the representative to Venezuela in the peace negotiations, would assist

him.

On May 7 the protocols for a reference to The Hague tribunal of the dispute over the question of preferential treatment were signed in Washington by the representatives of England, Germany, Italy and Venezuela. Immediately thereafter they were pre-sented to the Government of the United sented to the Government of the United States and the diplomatic representatives here of the other non-blockading Powers having claims against Venezuela, namely France, Spain, Mexico, The Netherlands, Belgium and Sweden and Norway. Den-mark also has claims against Venezuela, mark also has claims against but had withdrawn from partic had withdrawn from participation i the Washington negotiations. Secretary
Hay for the United States and Señor de
Aspiroz, the Mexican Ambassador, for his
Government, promptly signed a stipulation of adherence to The Hague protocols, and then the storm of European in-

dignation broke forth.

Baron Moncheur, the Belgian Minister and Baron Gevers, the Dutch Minister, and Baron Gevers, the Dutch Minister, have apparently been the most active in objecting to the manner in which it is proposed to have the peace Powers participate in the Hague arbitration, but the representatives of other European non-blockading nations have been quite as earnest if not so energetic. It is said by these that the United States Government had no right to select Mr. MacVeagh as the representative before the Hague court of the nations opposed to the contention of the sentative before the Hague count of the nations opposed to the contention of the blockading powers. It is said even that the other peace nations did not get an oppor-tunity to propose names for the important place to which Mr. MacVeagh has been place to assigned.

The prominence of the United States in this particular iresented in this particular iresented for the reason that the American claims amount to much ess than those of some other nations, notably France, Belgium, Holland and Spain. Why, therefore, it is asked, should the United States assume to run the whole proceedings for the peace Powers before the Hague court? And who is Mr. Wayne MacVeagh? is another question. Are there not lawyers in France and Spain and other countries who have a greater and other countries who have a greater reputation as authorities on international law? Besides, it is asserted, the repre-sentatives here of the European peace Powers were not consulted as to the terms governing the arbitration in which they are now expected to take part; in fact,

are now expected to take part; in fact, did not know anything about the matter officially until the protocols were presented to them with a request that they assent.

As matters now stand the United States and Mexico are the only non-blockading Powers which are committed to the Hague adjudication. Should the tribunal decide that the non-blockading Powers must pay the cost of the arbitration, the United States, Mexico, and Venezuela must bear the entire expense, while the European peace nations, whose interests will be just as much involved, will not lose a penny. In other words, the present attitude of the European nations having claims against Venezuela is that of letting the United States and Venezuela pull the chestnuts out of the fire for their benefit.

If the preferential treatment contention If the preferential treatment contention

If the preferential treatment contention is disallowed by the court, France, Spain, Belgium and the others will share in the benefits of the victory. If this contention is allowed and the costs decreed against those who oppose it, France and the others will not be out of pocket.

Just what attention will be given by this Government to the criticisms of other non-blocked in president had not been determined. biockading nations has not been determined, but it is expected that they will be asked to say definitely whether Mr. MacVeagh's

appointment is objectionable to them Movements of Naval Vessels. WASHINGTON, May 19 .- The cruiser vache Mayflower has arrived at Larchmont.

the gunboat Villalobos at Changsha, China and the collier Sterling at Portsmouth, The gunboat Newport has been placed in commission at Boston. Rear Admiral James H. Sands raised his flag on the battle-ship Texas at the Norfolk navy yard to-day as commander of the ceast squadron,

North Atlantic fleet. The Steamboat Service between New York and Orient, Greenport, Shelter Island and Sag Harbor has been resumed. Steamer leaves Pier 13, E. R., N. Y., Tues., Thurs. and Sal'y at 550 P. M.—Ace.

BIDS FOR BUILDING GUNBOATS. Five Firms in the Competition-Limit of Cost 8882 000 Each.

WASHINGTON, May 19 .- Bids were opened at the Navy Department to-day for the construction of the 1,082-ton gunboats Paducah and Dubuque. The limit of cost of each was fixed by Congress at \$382,000. Five firms entered into the competition, submitting the following proposals:

submitting the following proposals:

The Gas Engine and Power Company of Morris Heights, New York, both vessels, on the Navy Department's plans, to be completed in eighteen months, for \$295,000 each, or with boilers other than those stipulated by the Department \$285,000 each.

New York Shipbuilding Company of Camden, N. J., one vessel, on the Department's design, \$400,000.

The Townsend & Downey Shipbuilding Company of New York, both vessels, on the Department's design, one in eighteen and the other in sixteen months, for \$378,900 each.

and the other in sixteen months, for coach.

Bath Iron Works of Bath, Me., two vessels, on the Department's design, in twenty months, at \$735,000 for both, or both on Department's designs except that one is to have the Mosher patent water tube boiler for \$730,000, or with one vessel fitted with boilers of the Roberts safety water tube type, \$723,000 for both.

NO REBATE ON BORAX DUTY. Supreme Court, in Effect, Affirms the

Treasury Ruling. WASHINGTON, May 19 .- By denying the application of the Anglo-American Provision Company of Chicago for a review of the judgment of the Circuit Court of Appeals,

mestic product, and that it was entitled to reimbursement under the rebate law for the duty paid on the imported material which entered into the manufacture of an exported article. The Government maintained that hams

sides, &c., were not manufactured articles within the meaning of the law, and that the quantity of borax used was not, as the law provided, easy of ascertainment

MAY DISMISS POSTAL CLERK. Schibsby, Recently Suspended, Ordered

to Defend Himself. WASHINGTON, May 19. Second Assistant Postmaster-General Shallenberger has sent a letter to Capt. James E. White, general superintendent of the railway mail service. requesting him to call upon Svend Schibsby, the postal clerk in the Kansas City and Wellington railway post office who was recently suspended for attempting to act as attorney for railway postal clerks in bringing suits against the Government for travelling expenses, to show cause why he should not be dismissed from the service.

be dismissed from the service.

Mr. Shallenberger says that when Schibsby's reply is received it will be decided
whether or not it is proper to bring the
matter to the attention of the Department
of Justice. The amount involved in Schibsby's attempted scheme is large.

PAY FOR WORK ON GALVESTON. Navy Board to Decide How Much-Government to Complete Cruiser.

WASHINGTON, May 19. The decision of the Navy Department to forfeit the contract with the William E. Trigg Company of Richmond, Va., for the construction of the cruiser Galveston has been followed by the appointment of a board of officers to make an inventory of work done and materials furnished, and ascertain and declare the fair market value which will be paid to the receiver of the company. The Government will finish the ship.

Rear Admiral Thomas O. Selfridge, re-

tired; Naval Constructor Frank L. Fernald, Lieut. Emil Theiss, Lieut. Charles F. Pres-ton and Assistant Naval Constructor Will-iam G. Grosbeck form the board. They will meet at the Trigg shipyard to-morrow

FREIGHT RATES, ON RAW SILK.

plaint of Silk Association. WASHINGTON, May 19.-The Interstate Commerce Commission has received the answer of the Philadelphia and Reading Railway to the complaint of the Silk Association of America, filed some time ago, alleging unjust and unreasonable freight rates on the various kinds of raw silk as compared with the rates on other com-modities carried by the road. The answer admits the classification and rating of silk shipments, as charged by the complainant association but denies in general and in detail the allegations respecting unreason able rates and unjust discrimination

GIRL BITTEN BY MAD DOG. Three Soldiers Who Went to Help Her Also Bitten.

WASHINGTON, May 19.-Charlotte Burr, the twelve-year-old daughter of Major Edward Burr, commandant of Washington barracks, was bitten by a mad dog on Sunday. Several soldiers belonging to the rison went to her assistance, and three of them were also bitten.

The girl and the soldiers were sent to

Pasteur Institute in Baltimore to-day

RULES FOR WAR GAMES. Major Harrison and Lieut. Bristol to Draw Them Up.

WASHINGTON, May 19 .- Major George F. E. Harrison, Artillery Corps, U. S. A., and Lieut. Mark L. Bristol, U. S. N., lately flag secretary, North Atlantic fleet, have been designated to formulate rules for the joint army and navy war games, to take place in the vicinity of Portland, Me., in the coming summer.

In Washington Society

WASHINGTON, May 19 .- The French Ambaseador and Mme. Jusserand enter-tained a distinguished party of diplomats at the French Embassy to-night in compliment to the departure of a number of members of the Diplomatic Corps. members of the Diplomatic Corps.
Count Cassini, the Russian Ambassador,
and Countess Cassini, with other members
of their household, will leave Washington,
May 25, for New York, and will sail the following day for Europe, where they will
pass the summer.
Mrs. Roosevelt will accompany the Presideut to Cleveland to attend the Hanna-

Mrs. Roosevelt will accompany the Freshedent to Cleveland to attend the Hanna-McCormick wedding on June 10. A number of other distinguished Washington people will be of the party, probably Miss Roosevelt among them. Army and Navy Orders.

WASHINGTON, May 10 .- These army orders have Washington, May 10.—These army orders have been issued:
Fist Lieut, John L. Shepard, Assistant Surgeon, Fort Apache to Presidio, San Francisco.
Lieut, Col. Cornelius Gardener, Twenty first infantry, detailed as member of board Fort Snelling, vice Capt. Herman Hall, Twenty first infantry, for the examination of Capt. John S. Park, Jr., Twenty-first Infantry, for promotion.
Capt. Alfred W. Bjornstad assigned to Twenty-cighth Infantry, tee McKenna, resigned.
First Lieut, Eugene P. Crowne to Twenty-ninth Infantry, Company M. vice Bjornstad, promoted.
Capt. G. Maury Cralle, Tenth Infantry, Department of the Lakes, Department of the Columbia, temporarily.
Capt. Francis J. Kernan, Second Infantry, aidede camp on the staff of Major-Gen. Arthur MacArthur, from duty Department of the Lakes to San Francisco.
Leave of absence two months granted Second Lieut. Alden F. Brewster, Artillery Corps.
Lieut. Col. Milliam B. Wheeler, Tenth Infantry to Tenth Infantry. Lieut. Col. Alfred Reynolds, Second Infantry to Tenth Infantry.

Capt. Frank B. McCoy. Third Infantry. Fort Sheridan, Ill., for examination for promotion.

The following officers to Fort Leavenworth, Kan., for paysical resxamination: First Lieuts. John T. Dunn, Eleventh Infantry; Kaolin L. Whitson, Ninth Infantry and Eobert E. Grinstead, Twenty-third Infantry.

Leave of absence grapted Capt. Thomas M. Anderson, Jr. Seventh.

The following naval of L. Chasbeen Issued:
Assistant Surgeon F. M. Brown, from Naval Hospital, Norfolic, to Naval Hospital, Coasters Harbor Island.

Well-made high grade Office Furniture of every kind, at Export Prices.

HALE DESK CO

BUT THIS IS ASIDE FROM PROMO-TION SYNDICATE.

Auditor Castle Says Tulloch's Statements Are Reckless and False-Bristow's Report on the Alleged Scandal Will Not He Made Before July 1.

ffice were in an excellent condition.

Mr. Payne said this statement was sweepng, with no reservations. The formal report to this effect has not yet been laid before the Postmaster-General, but he has received verbal notification from Fourth

received verbal notification from Fourth Assistant Postmaster-General Bristow.

The investigation referred to, which, it is officially said, has resulted so satisfactorily, has no relation to the inquiry now being conducted to determine whether the charges concerning the alleged "promotion syndicate" are founded on fact, notion syndicate" are out means simply that the accounts of the

motion syndicate, and did not know what the investigations had revealed.

Henry A Castie, auditor for the Post Office Department gave out a statement to-day severely scoring Seymour Tulloch, former cashier of the Washington post office, for the reckless and absurdly false statements contained in the 18,000-word document filed with Postmaster-General Payne last Saturday, and which Mr. Payne characterized as a "stump speech, lots of glittering generalities and lots of talk." Auditor Castle's statement follows:

"I have not yet received the Postmaster-General's letter transmitting abstracts of Mr. Tulloch's complaints referring to this office, but my reply will be brief, prompt and. I think conclusive. I shall welcome the opportunity, for I have had special satisfaction in the record of this bureau in settling the accounts of the Spanish war period. We now have 600 employces, of whom more than 400 are themselves auditors, settling

than 400 are themselves auditors, settling an average of more than 2,000 accounts every

an average of more than 2,000 accounts every working day

"I see but few of these accounts, but I did carefully review the work which involved the Spanish War episode, and I assume the responsibility for the settlements as finally made. Under a decision of the Supreme Court of the United Straccounting officers are not judges of the necessity or the extravagance of an expenditure. They are only concerned with its legality under some available appropriation and the sufficiency of the vouchers. Some of Tulloch's statements are reckless and others absurdly false.

"The Comptroller never disallowed \$40,000 that had been approved by this office. My

considerable perion was simply charged under another head. I will, however, refresh my recollection by going over the official files before answering the Postmaster-General's letter."

that official.

Fourth Assistant Postmaster-General Bristow told Mr. Payne this afternoon that the investigation into the many alleged Post Office scandals would take a much longer time than was at first believed neces-

could be brought to account. Mr. Payne said he wasn't a lawyer and didn't know, but that he was sure the subordinates who are said to have aided Mr. Heath in putting through irregular vouchers and counten-ancing other violations of the laws and the regulations could be severely punished.

He Has Named Chief Justice Clark of North Carolina, It Is Said.

WASHINGTON, May 19.-Chief Justice Walter Clark of the North Carolina Supreme Court is the choice of William J. Bryan for the Democratic Presidential nomination in 1901, according to a story that has reached

in 1904, according to a story that has reached Washington.
While in Washington last it seems Mr. Bryan experienced a desire to discuss politics, and accordingly arranged for an interview with Joe Blackburn.

It is related that at this conference Mr. Bryan sounded Joe Blackburn as to his choice of a Presidential nominee. The Kentuckian ventured to say by way of reply that he had given the subject little thought, but he proceeded to enumerate the various Democrats who had been discussed in connection with the nomination. the various Democrate who had been discussed in connection with the nomination.
Judge Parker first came to his mind, but the mention of his name did not arouse enthusiasm in the Colonei, who finally made the flat declaration that he was not the man. Senator Gorman was objected to with equal positiveness by the Nebraskan. Olney was likewise eliminated. Hill was passed up in a rather abrupt and emphatic way. emphatic way.

Senator Blackburn remarked: "I have exhausted the list and none of them fills the bill. So I would like to have your

Then it was that Mr. Bryan said he had in

"Judge Walter Clark," was the reply.
"And who in the world is he?" asked the Kentuckien.



15 STONE ST., next Produce Exchange.

P. O. ACCOUNTS HERE CORRECT

WASHINGTON, May 19 .- Postmaster-Genral Payne announced this afternoon that he investigation into conditions in the New York Post Office had been completed and it was found that the accounts of the

the method of doing business there is modern and efficient.

Mr. Payne said he had received no report from Mr. Bristow with regard to the promotion syndicate, and did not know what the investigations had revealed.

Henry A Castle auditor for the Post Office

master-General's letter."
The Postmaster-General said this morning that a copy of the Tulloch charges would be sent to former First Assistant Postmaster-General Heath, with a request for an explanation of such portions as referred to that official.

longer time than was at first believed necessary, and that he would be unable to make his complete report by June 1, as promised. It is probable, now, that the report will not be laid before the Postmaster-General before July 1, if then.

Mr. Payne said this afternoon that the investigation into the affairs of the Washington Post Office by inspectors of the Department and by agents of the Civil Service Commission had been completed, but that the two reports had not yet been handed to him.

to him.

Mr. Payne was asked in the event of the charges made by Mr. Tulloch against former First Assistant Postmaster-General Perry Heath being proved, whether that official could be brought to account. Mr. Payne

BRYAN'S CANDIDATE.

emphatic way.

After exhausting the list of probabilities.

Senator Blackburn mentioned the name of Grover Cleveland. This threw the Colonel into a half hour's argument, which was denunciatory of the only living expresident.

mind a man who filled every requirement for party leadership in the next great Presi-dential contest. With much eagerness Senator Blackburn asked for the name of

Kentuckian.

"He is the Chief Justice of the North
Carolina Supreme Court," Mr. Bryan said,
"and an honest and courageous man, stand-"and an honest and courageous man, standing squarely on the party piatform."

Some two months ago Judge Clark was the guest of Mr. Bryan at his home in Lincoln, where he spent several days. It is said of Judge Clark that he is more Populistic than Mr. Bryan. In 1896 he went to Mexico to study the free silver question: that same year he accepted the Populist nomination for Chief Justice after having been named by the Democrats.



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MAYFLOWER DESCENDANTS DINE. DOUGLAS MEGA HORNS Sail Off to the President's Yacht, Where

Mrs. Russell Sage Makes a Speech. UNT VERNON, N. Y., May 19.—"I applaud you. I love all the members of the navy. You are honored by being on this beautiful yacht. My ancestors came over on the Mayflower, among them Capt. Miles Standish. These ancestors of mine and other members of this society helped to make this country what it is. They all helped to make you all the good brave men that you are and should be. Again say I congratulate you. May you always

have success and happiness. This speech which was delivered by Mrs. Russell Sage on board President Roose velt's private despatch yacht Mayflower, this afternoon, at a meeting and banquet of the Society of Mayflower Descendants, which was held at the Larchmont Yacht Club. Following the dinner Theodore D. Rich, William B. Jenkins and Augustin Mangre of the house committee, and the 256 Monroe of the house committee, and t

Monroe of the house committee, and the 250 prominent society ladies and gentlemen who comprised the Mayflower descendants, boarded launches and sailed out to the Mayflower, which was anchored in the Sound opposite the clubhouse.

They were received on board, in behalf of President Roosevelt and the Secretary of the Navy, who had ordered the yacht to Larchmont in honor of the day, by Lieutenant-Commander Albert Gleaves.

It was while the grew was gathered on the priation and the sufficiency of the vouchers. Some of Tulloch's statements are reckless and others absurdly false.

"The Comptroller never disallowed \$40,000 that had been approved by this office. My recollection now is that less than \$1,000 was disapproved, and that of that amount a considerable pertion was simply charged under another head. I will, however, refresh my recollection by going over the official files before answering the Postmaster-General's letter."

tenant-Commander Albert Gleaves.

It was while the crew was gathered on the quarter deck that Mrs. Sage addressed them as quoted above. They applauded her vociferously. They gave her three cheers and then came to a salute. Mrs. Sage, turning to the officers and ladies who surrounded her, remarked:

"I have the greatest of admiration for the navy, its officers and jolly tars. I love and respect them all."

Commander Albert Gleaves.

commander Gleaves escorted Mrs. Sage and a large contingent of her friends through the yacht. They all greatly admired the President's apartments, especially his white and gold bedroom and his bathroom with its his markle (the

its big marble tub That is the \$5,000 tub the papers talk so much about," said Commander Gleaves, "but really it did not cost that much." "but really it did not cost that much."
One lady, it is reported, washed her hands in the tub "as a reminder of the occasion."
The Mayflower, the clubhouse, and several yachts in the harbor were decorated. Previous to the banquet the society held a meeting in the theatre, which was presided over by Supreme Court Justice W. W. Gooderich, the Governor of the Descendover by supreme Court Justice w. W. Goodrich, the Governor of the Descendants, during which it was decided to raise \$25,000 for the erection of a lighthouse at the entrance to Provincetown harbor on Cape Cod, where the Mayflower first landed.

LEWIS EINSTEIN APPOINTED Third Secretary of Paris Embassy-Other

Diplomatic Changes. WASHINGTON, May 19 .- The following changes in the diplomatic service have been ordered by the President: Philip Brown of Massachusetts, Second Secretary of Legation at Constantinople, transferred to the Secretaryship of the transferred to the Secretaryship of the Legation to Nicaragua, Costa Rica and

Salvador.

Peter A. Jay of Rhode Island, now Third Secretary of the Embassy in Paris, appointed Second Secretary in Constantinople, in place of Mr Brown.

Lewis Einstein of New York, appointed Third Secretary of the Embassy in Paris.

Mr. Brown and Mr. Jay have both served acceptably in their present places, and Mr. acceptably in their present places, and Mr. Einstein, though a very young man, has already gained an honorable place in lit-erature. He is the son of David L. Einstein



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45 WEST 23d STREET.

SUICIDE LAID TO LOOP-THE-LOOP. Holdsworth Sald He Never Recovered From the Shock He Got on It. Thompson Holdsworth, 54 years old,

who kept a little fancy store at 884 St. John's

place, Brooklyn, was found dead yesterday morning in a vacant lot on the Eastern Parkway near Bedford Rest. An empty Parkway near Bedford Rest. An empty half-pint bottle which had contained carbolic acid was beside the body.

He had been despondent for some time owing to ill health brought about, as he often explained to his friends, through a shock received while on the loop-the-loop at Coney Island two years ago. He said that he was prostrated when he got off the machine and for some time afterward was almost speechless. He leaves a widow and four sons.

and four sons.

MARRIED. TYTUS-HENOP .-- On Tuesday, May 19, 1903. by the Rev. Dr. Huntington, at Grace Church, Grace Seeley Henop, daughter of Mr. and Mrs.

Louis P. Henop, to Robb de Peyster Tytus.

DIED. BARRY .- On Monday, May 18, Elizabeth, the beloved wife of William Barry. Funeral will take place Wednesday morning May 20, at 10 o'clock, from St. Mary's Chu Grand and Ridge sts. Interment at Calvary

CHITTENDEN.- in New York, on Sunday, Mar 17, 1903, Charles M. Chittenden, in the 68th year of his age.
Funeral services will take place at Madison. Conn., on Wednesday, May 20, at 12:30 P. M. Train leaves Grand Central Station at 9:04 A. M. DARLINGTON. -On Monday, May 18, at 42 East 11th st., Thomas Darlington, in the 77th year

Cemetery.

Place Presbyterian Church 10th st. and University p., on Wednesday, May 20, at 10 A. M. Interment in Woodlawn at the convenience of the family. Kindly omit flowers. HARTMAN, At Dover, N. J., on May 18, 1203, Mrs. C. Harvey Hartman, beloved wife of Rev. C. Harvey Hartman, rector of St. John's

of his age. Funeral services will be held at the University

Church, Dover, N. J.

Funeral from her late residence, 837 Mad-tson av., on Thursday, May 21, at 1 P. M.

Services at St. Thomas's Church at 2 P. M.

Interment private. ROONEY .- On Sunday, May 17, 1903, Margaret. beloved wife of Dr. Alexander J. Boones.
Funeral from her late residence, 230 17th st.
Brooklyn, on Wednesday, May 20, 1893, at 9,30
A. M.; thence to the Church of St. John the

Evangelist, 21st st. near 5th av.. Brooklyn, where a solemn requiem mass will be offered for the happy repose of her soul ARTOR. Theodore A. Sartor, May 18.
Puneral services will be held at his late residence,
930 Nostrand av., barough of Brooklyn, on
Wednesday, May 20, at 8 P. M. Interment at
Greenwood Cemetery on Thursday, May 21.

at 10 A. M.

at 10 A. M.

STARKEY.—At the Episcopal residence, East Orange, N. J., on Sunday, May 17, 1993, the Right Rev. Thomas Alfred Starkey, D. D., Bishop of Newark.

Funeral services at Grace Church, Orange, N. J., on Wednesday morning, May 20, at 11 o'clock. At the close of the service the body will lie in state in the church until 9 P. M. Interment at Albany, N. Y., on Thutsday, Albany and Washington papers please copy. Albany and Washington papers please copy-STEPHENS.-At Paterson, N. J., Monday, May 18, 1903, Thornton Hutcheon, elder son of Harry Thornton and Charlotte Hutcheon Stephens, aged 6 years 11 months and 1 day

Graham av., Paterson, Wednesday aftermoon at half past 2. Funeral at convenience of family.